## **IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for regenerating a NOx adsorber coupled with an exhaust of an engine, comprising:

actuating <u>a</u> throttle valve to a first position when regeneration of the NOx adsorber is desired, the first position operable to cause the regeneration of the NOx adsorber; and

actuating the throttle valve to a second position while regeneration of the NOx adsorber is still desired, the second position being a position that is more open than the first position and operable to regenerate a NOx adsorber.

- 2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the first throttle position comprises a position being about 20% open.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the second throttle position comprises a position being about 25% open.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the first throttle position comprises a throttle position operable to control a lambda for an engine to about .85.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the first throttle position comprises a throttle position operable to control a lambda for an engine to about .87.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A method for regenerating a NOx adsorber, comprising:

determining a characteristic that is indicative of a desired regeneration of the NOx adsorber;

actuating [[the]] <u>a</u> throttle to a first position for a first predetermined period of time, the first position being a position that is more closed than a steady state rich operation

throttle position when the characteristic indicates that regeneration is desired, the steady state rich operation throttle position being a steady state desired throttle position operable to regenerate the NOx adsorber; and

actuating the throttle to a second position for a second predetermined period of time, the second position being a position more open than the first position and corresponding to about the steady state rich operation throttle position.

- 7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 wherein the first throttle position comprises a position being about 20% open.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 wherein the second throttle position comprises a position being about 25% open.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 6 wherein the first throttle position comprises a throttle position operable to control a lambda for an engine to about .85.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 6 wherein the first throttle position comprises a throttle position operable to control a lambda for an engine to about .87.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 6 wherein the first predetermined period of time comprises a period of time relatively shorter than the second predetermined period of time.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein the first predetermined period of time comprises about 1.5 seconds and the second period of time comprises about 5 seconds.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A method for regenerating a NOx adsorber, comprising:

determining a first characteristic that is indicative of a desired regeneration of the NOx adsorber:

determining a steady state lambda operable to regenerate the NOx adsorber;

controlling [[the]] <u>a</u> lambda of a gas that is transmitted to the NOx adsorber to a first lambda for a first predetermined period of time when the first characteristic indicates that regeneration of the NOx adsorber is desired, the first lambda being a lambda that is less than a steady state lambda that is operable to regenerate the NOx adsorber; and

controlling the lambda of the gas to a second lambda for a second period of time, the second lambda lambda being a lambda corresponding to about the steady state lambda that is operable to regenerate the NOx adsorber.

- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the first lambda comprises about .85.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the second lambda comprises about .87.
  - 16 (Original) An apparatus for regenerating a NOx adsorber, comprising: an intake air path for an engine;
  - a throttle valve disposed in the intake path of the engine;
- a throttle valve actuator coupled with the throttle valve and operable to move the throttle valve between a first position and a second position;

at least one sensor coupled with the engine and operable to transmit at least one signal indicative of a desire to regenerate the NOx adsorber; and

a controller coupled with the at least one sensor to receive the at least one signal indicative of a desire to regenerate a NOx adsorber, the controller coupled with the throttle valve actuator and operable to transmit a first signal to the throttle valve actuator as a function of the at least one signal indicative of a desire to regenerate the NOx adsorber, the first signal operable to cause the throttle valve actuator to actuate the throttle valve to a first position for a first predetermined period of time, the first position being a position that is more closed than a steady state rich operation throttle position, and

cause the throttle valve actuator to actuate the throttle valve to a second position for a second predetermined period of time, the second position being a position corresponding to about the steady state rich operation throttle position.

- 17. (Original) The apparatus of claim 16 wherein the first throttle position corresponds to a position that causes the throttle to be about 20% open.
- 18. (Original) The apparatus of claim 16 wherein the second throttle position corresponds to a position that causes the throttle to be about 25% open.
- 19. (Original) The apparatus of claim 16 wherein the second throttle position corresponds to a position that causes air within the intake air path to have a lambda of about .85.
- 20. (Original) The apparatus of claim 16 wherein the first throttle position corresponds to a position that causes air within the intake air path to have a lambda of about .85.
- 21. (Original) The apparatus of claim 16 wherein the first predetermined period of time comprises a period of time relatively shorter than the second predetermined period of time.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 21 wherein the first predetermined period of time comprises about 1.5 seconds and the second period of time comprises about 5 seconds.